

RANGE APPENDIX TABLE A.4 (cont'd)
 "I" CATEGORY ALLOTMENTS PROBLEMS AND CONFLICTS

Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Lander Trail 4236 (cont'd)	This allotment contains the historic Lander Trail.	Protect the historic integrity of the Trail.	Maintain exclosures around trail ruts and restrict the scope of projects near the Trail.
Herman 4239	Accelerated erosion is very likely to occur at the present stocking rate, if the allotment is fully stocked.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion by closely monitoring.	Adjust the stocking rate to greater than 5 acres per AUM. The erosion rate should not exceed 5 ton/acre on deep soils.
Horse Creek 4332	Accelerated erosion is very likely to occur at the present stocking rate, if the allotment is fully stocked.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion by closely monitoring.	Adjust the stocking rate to greater than 5 acres per AUM. The erosion rate should not exceed 5 ton/acre on deep soils.
Maple Grove 4253	Approximately 45% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 46% is in mid seral condition, 9% is reservoir.	Increase the late seral condition from 45% to 60%. (improve 16 acres)	Initiate a grazing system that will restore key forage plant vigor and increase key forage plant composition.
	The riparian vegetation along 0.9 mile of the Bear River is in good condition.	Maintain good condition of riparian vegetation.	Restrict livestock use of the river riparian to the cool season and do not exceed 50% utilization of key riparian plants.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion and slumping.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion and soil slumping by closely monitoring.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes. Adjust grazing season to allow for soil drying before grazing. The erosion rate should not exceed 5 ton/acre on deep soils.

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Monroe Canyon 4254	Approximately 40% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 33% is in mid seral condition, 27% is an old burn in early seral condition.	Increase late seral condition from 40% to 60%. (improve 281 acres)	Reduce brush density on 500 acres of the allotment to allow increased densities of native grasses and forbs. Rehabilitate old burn to vegetation beneficial to livestock and wildlife.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
	This allotment contains important deer winter range and sharp-tailed grouse habitat.	Reduce the competition for deer winter forage and protect sharp-tailed grouse habitat.	Establish proper season of use and design brush control projects to avoid deer wintering area and sharp-tailed grouse habitat.
	The historic Oregon Trail passes through this allotment.	Protect the historical integrity of the Trail.	Restrict the scope of projects near the Trail.
	Leafy Spurge is found in this allotment.	Eliminate leafy spurge from the allotment to prevent its spreading to adjacent lands.	Cooperate with the Bear Lake County Weed Supervisor to eradicate this weed.
Jacobs Canyon 4260	This small allotment (57 ac.) has important deer winter range.	Reduce the competition for deer winter forage.	Establish proper season of use.
	Area has been identified for 25 acres of brush control.	Insure brush control does not conflict with wildlife needs.	Obtain wildlife input prior to any vegetation modification.

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Jacobs Canyon 4260 (cont'd)	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
Stump Creek 4266	Numerous small individual allotments run in common by an association.	Reduce administration workload & number of bills.	Combine into a single allotment.
	Approximately 100% of the allotment is rated in mid seral condition.	Improve 50% of the mid seral condition to late seral condition. (improve 128 acres)	Initiate a grazing system that allows for restoration of vigor in key forage plants and increases the key forage plant composition.
	The entire allotment is crucial elk winter range and is included in the Stump Creek HMP.	Reduce competition for winter elk forage.	Enforce the grazing season; no livestock use beyond Sept. 30 (see HMP).
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
	This allotment is within an ACEC.	Manage as an ACEC.	See specific ACEC Plan for guidance.
	The riparian vegetation along 0.25 miles of Johnson Spring Draw is in fair condition.	Improve the condition of the riparian habitat to good condition.	Remove livestock from the riparian habitat whenever grazing utilization on key plants reaches 50%.
Crow Creek 4269	Riparian is in fair condition with downward trend on .9 miles of Crow Creek. This stream provides fish spawning grounds for the Salt River System.	Improve riparian to good condition.	Protect riparian through fencing and/or proper use levels and periods.

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Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Ten Mile Pass 4286	Approximately 96% of this allotment is in late seral condition and provides: 1. Important deer winter forage. 2. Important sharp-tailed grouse habitat. 3. A driveway for trailing sheep.	Maintain the late seral condition of the vegetation.	Do not exceed 50% utilization of key livestock forage plants.
	This allotment has not been used under a regular grazing license since 1979.	Determine need for an allotment under regular grazing license procedures.	If no need is identified, negotiate a relinquishment and use area for livestock trailing and wildlife habitat.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
Trail Canyon 4289	Approximately 65% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 22% is in mid seral condition and 13% is in early seral condition or agricultural trespass.	Eliminate all early seral condition and agricultural trespass. (improve 26 acres)	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants. Rehabilitate the early seral and disturbed condition area with plants beneficial to livestock and wildlife.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
North Miles Canyon 4293	Approximately 57% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 43% is in mid seral condition.	Increase the late seral condition from 57% to 70%. (improve 68 acres)	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants. Reduce the density of brush on some areas of the allotment to allow increased densities of native grasses and forbs.

RANGE APPENDIX TABLE A.4 (cont'd)
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Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Long Grove 4296	Approximately 30% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 70% is in mid seral condition.	Increase the late seral condition from 30% to 60%. (improve 24 acres)	Initiate a grazing system that will restore key forage plant vigor and increase key forage plant composition. Reduce the density of brush on about 40 acres within the allotment to allow increased densities of native grasses and forbs.
	This allotment has important deer winter habitat and sage grouse habitat.	Reduce the competition for winter deer forage and protect sage grouse habitat.	Establish proper season of use and design brush control projects to avoid sage grouse habitat.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
Maple/South Canyon 4303	Approximately 12% of the allotment is in late seral condition, 88% is in mid seral condition.	Increase the late seral condition from 12% to 70%. (improve 233 acres)	Initiate a grazing system that will provide an opportunity for key forage plants to regain vigor and increase composition.
	This allotment has important deer winter habitat and sage grouse habitat.	Reduce the competition for winter deer forage and protect sage grouse habitat.	Establish proper season of use and avoid sage grouse areas during any brush control project.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.

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Beaver Creek 4316	This allotment was established over an existing formal stock driveway (#157, Idaho #9). This was done because the driveway was not fenced from adjoining private lands and livestock trespass from private lands was a common problem.	Reinstate the primary use of the area as a stock driveway.	Cancel all grazing privileges associated with this allotment and fence along the driveway boundary. Install signs clearly indicating the public land lines. Remove any fences interfering with livestock movement; develop water sources where possible.
	The riparian vegetation along 0.2 miles of Beaver Creek is in good condition. The riparian vegetation along 0.6 miles of the Blackfoot River is in fair condition.	Maintain the good condition of the riparian along Beaver Creek and improve the condition of the riparian along the Blackfoot River.	Initiate a grazing system that allows for restoration of vigor in key forage plants and increases the key forage plant composition. Do not exceed 50% utilization of key riparian plants on all riparian areas.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
Blackfoot River 4320	This allotment was established over an existing formal stock driveway (#157, Idaho #9). This was done because the driveway was not fenced from adjoining private lands and livestock trespass from private lands was a common problem.	Reinstate the primary use of the area as a stock driveway.	Cancel all grazing privileges associated with this allotment and fence along the driveway boundary. Install signs clearly indicating the public land lines. Remove any fences interfering with livestock movement; develop water sources where possible.

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Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Blackfoot River 4320 (cont'd)	Approximately 31% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 69% is in mid seral condition.	Increase the late seral condition from 31% to 60%. (improve 709 acres)	Limit grazing use to 60% utilization. Allow trail through use only after 50% utilization. This will restore key forage plant vigor, and increases key forage plant composition. The grazing limitations should also maintain the 2.7 miles of riparian vegetation along the Blackfoot River in good condition. Approx. 300 acres of brush control could improve condition.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
	This allotment contains the Travertine Park ACEC. Special resource values in the ACEC are the Travertine formations and the associated vegetation.	Protect the ACEC values.	Exclude livestock grazing from the ACEC.
Horse Hollow 4329	Approximately 100% of this allotment is in late seral condition; Adjacent portions of the contiguous allotment has been disturbed by unauthorized fires.	Maintain the late seral condition. Rehabilitate the disturbed area. Prevent future unauthorized fires.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants. Rehab disturbed area to plants beneficial to livestock and wildlife. Schedule brush control on 1600 acres.

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Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Horse Hollow 4329 (cont'd)	Cheatgrass invades many areas that have been burned.	Discourage the spread of cheatgrass.	Suppress all fires immediately and carefully plan all rehab or brush control projects to minimize cheatgrass invasion.
	This allotment has important deer winter habitat and sage grouse habitat.	Reduce the competition for winter deer forage and protect sage grouse habitat.	Establish proper season of use and consider sage grouse habitat with brush control projects.
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
	This allotment is part of three allotments not separated by fences which are run in common.	Reduce administrative cost by consolidating into a single allotment.	Each lessee should be given preference in a larger single allotment rather than allocating portions of public land to each one. Coordinate use dates and numbers.
South Green Road 4340	Designated as part of the Isolated Tracts HMP.	Manage as HMP directs.	Monitor grazing impacts and conflicts.
	Accelerated erosion is very likely to occur at the present stocking rate, if the allotment is fully stocked.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion by closely monitoring.	Adjust the stocking rate to greater than 5 acres per AUM. The erosion rate should not exceed 5 ton/acre on deep soils.

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Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Eagle Creek 4346	The riparian vegetation along 0.2 miles of Eagle Creek is in fair condition.	Improve the condition of the riparian along Eagle Creek.	Rest the riparian area 2 out of every 3 grazing seasons. Do not exceed 50% utilization on key riparian plants. Remove corral.
	This allotment has opportunities to be used in conjunction with the adjacent USFS allotment but is currently unallotted.	Allow grazing in the allotment.	Authorize grazing use cooperatively with the USFS; eliminate trespass.
Soda Hills 4359	This allotment has a history of trespass by livestock other than the lessees.	Eliminate livestock trespass.	Frequently monitor for trespass throughout the grazing season.
	This allotment has crucial deer winter range.	Reduce the competition for winter deer forage.	Establish the proper season of use.
	Important sage and sharp-tailed grouse habitat is found in the allotment.	Protect important grouse habitat.	Avoid eradicating brush in grouse habitat.
	Accelerated erosion is very likely to occur at the present stocking rate if the allotment is fully stocked.	Reduce the risk of accelerated erosion by closely monitoring.	Adjust the stocking rate to greater than 5 acres/AUM. The erosion rate should not exceed 5 ton/acre on deep soils.
	Authorized active grazing use has not occurred on this allotment for several years.	Determine whether there is a need for grazing privileges by present lessee.	If a relinquishment of grazing is negotiated, remove grazing privileges from this area and manage as a wildlife area (refer to Soda Hills HMP).

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Allotment Name & #	Problems & Conflicts	Objectives	Management Alternatives
Stump Creek 4360	Approximately 4% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 96% is in mid seral condition.	Increase the late seral condition from 4% to 50%. (improve 55 acres)	Initiate a grazing system that will restore vigor to key forage plants and increase the composition of key forage plants. Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants.
	The entire allotment is crucial elk winter range and is included in the Stump Creek HMP.	Reduce competition for winter elk forage.	Enforce the grazing season; no livestock use beyond Sept. 30 (see HMP).
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
	This allotment is within an ACEC.	Manage as an ACEC.	See specific ACEC Plan for guidance.
Tygee Ridge 4365	Approximately 30% of this allotment is in late seral condition, 70% is in mid seral condition.	Increase the late seral condition from 30% to 60%. (improve 106 acres)	Initiate a grazing system that will restore vigor to key forage plants and increase the composition of key forage plants. Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants.
	The entire allotment is crucial elk winter range and is included in the Stump Creek HMP.	Reduce competition for winter elk forage.	Enforce the grazing season; no livestock use beyond Sept. 30 (see HMP).
	Soils in this allotment have a high potential for erosion.	Reduce the potential risk of accelerated erosion.	Do not exceed 50% utilization on key forage plants on steep slopes.
	This allotment is within an ACEC.	Manage as an ACEC.	See specific ACEC Plan for guidance.